質問	回答
Q1 :	A1 :
As the revision of financial forecast FY 2019 announced at	The causes of the revision of financial forecast FY 2019 are currency fluctuation and
the end of September, operating income decreases from	change in market condition in Precision Machinery & Robot segment. Since we assume
72.0 billion yen to 56.0 billion yen because of change in	exchange rate 110 yen / US\$ during MTBP 2019, operating income decreases about 10.0
market environment.	billion yen at currently exchange rate (about 107 yen / US\$) but it is covered by the risk
Nevertheless, why do you think you can achieve operating	buffer of 28.0 billion yen.
income of 100.0 billion yen in FY 2021?	In the Precision Machinery & Robot segment, we are confident of achieving MTBP target
	by implementing various measures during MTBP 2019 period. In addition, we are also
	confident of achieving operating income of 100.0 billion yen in FY 2021 because there are
	some elements increase about 20.0 billion yen, mainly in the jet engine business in the
	Aerospace Systems and other segments.
Q2 :	A2 :
Due to an increase in after-sales in jet engine business,	For recent new type of jet engines, most of Airlines and engine makers engage a
operating income will increase in FY 2021 by 23.0 billion yen	comprehensive maintenance contract. A comprehensive maintenance contract is that the
compared to FY 2018. Is it possible to achieve in just two	airline pays money for appropriate for operating time of engines and an engine
years?	manufacture bear fees for repairs and replacements for parts. The operating time of
	engine is depends on flight time and it can be assumed. Therefore after-sales income can
	be calculated at the same time. So we have enough confident to increase profit
	significantly from increased after-sales.

質問	回答
Q3 :	A3 :
In recent years, CAPEX has continuously exceeded	In the growth fields such as Aerospace and others, CAPEX is expected to remain high level
Depreciation and Amortization. Will high-level CAPEX	but it will peak out in FY 2019. Going forward, we will continue to invest in growth areas,
continue during this medium term business plan?	but reduce overall investment and bring CAPEX closer to depreciation and amortization.
Q4 :	A4 :
How do you determine upper limit of CAPEX for each	Autonomous business management which we aim is the principle of self-sufficient, so
segment every year?	capital that needs for CAPEX should be earned by a segment itself. When a segment
	needs CAPEX that exceeds their capital, we especially deliberate about it.
Q5 :	A5 :
KHI had a presentation of MTBP 2019 (Outline) in May. What	We have discussed how to precede selection and concentration as directions of each
did you discuss with segments after May?	segment and distributions of capital but we had not concluded at May. As a result of
	discussing deeply, we decided to integrate into 14 BU from 30 BU as revising strategic
	basic units.